MVSKOKE PREFIXES

Instrumental 'es-' Prefix





WHAT IS A PREFIX?

A 'prefix' is something that is added to the beginning of a word to add another layer of meaning to that word. English uses these too!

Watch VS $\underline{\text{Re}}$ watch ("re" = to do watch $\underline{\text{again}}$) Understand VS $\underline{\text{Mis}}$ understand ("mis" = $\underline{\text{not}}$ understand)

THE INSTRUMENTAL 'ES-' PREFIX

The prefix 'es-' is added to the beginning of a verb to mean that something was done with an instrument or tool. This is why it's called the "instrumental" prefix.

It is often translated as "with (a tool, etc)"

Hoktuce hompes

airl eats

The girl is eating

VS

Hoktuce hakkucen eshompes

airl spoon with - eats

The girl is eating with a spoon

Without this prefix at the beginning, it changes the meaning:

Hoktuce hakkucen hompes
The girl is eating a spoon.

This prefix is commonly shortened to 's- when it's before a vowel:

Vhoretv 'Svhoretv

to sew to sew with (a tool) or using something

Don't forget to add the apostrophe before the S!

Esketv	'Sesketv
to drink	to drink with

Also 'sesketv' is the word for "cup", because a cup is something you drink with!

'ES-' WITH VERBS OF MOVING VERBS

The prefix 'es-' can be added to motion verbs. These are verbs that indicate the subject is moving (to go, to come, etc). When the prefix is added to these verbs, it has a slightly different meaning.

It <u>can</u> mean to do the movement using something (like driving a car = 'svtohketv), but often, it can indicate that the subject is 'taking' someone or something:

vyetv	Svyetv
to go	to take, to go with (someone)
Vtetv	'Svtetv
to come	to bring, to come with (someone)

LET'S PRACTICE

The dog is playing (with a toy)

efv = dog akkopanes = plays

The woman is bringing food

hokte = woman vtes = to come hompetv = food

The man cuts the paper (with a tool)

honvnwv = man kotes = cuts out cokv = paper

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Efv 'sakkopanes

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Hokte hompetun 'sutes

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honvnwv = man kotes = cuts out cokv = paper

Honunwu cokun eskotes